How does the brain work?

What is the human brain and how does it work?
The brain is our body’s control centre. It controls everything we do. It is involved in what we think, feel, remember and do. According to the internet, your brain has lots of different parts that work together.

What makes the human brain?

Our brain has two parts which are the left and right side. The right side controls left hand control and the left side controls right hand control. According to a book I have read, the brain looks like a mass of grey jelly and is very soft. The skull protects the brain. The right side of the brain is the imaginative side and controls musical and artistic ability. The left side controls logical, mathematical and scientific skills.

How are each human’s brains different?

Scientists compared the genetic sequences from diverse people all around the world. During this, they found that the genes which code from the nervous systems had some sequence differences among individuals.
How are our brains different from animals?

Humans have big brains. Other species are marked out by other qualities. For example, birds are good at flying, dogs at smelling, bats are good at hearing and moles are good at digging. We, as humans, cannot fly and cannot dig, smell and hear as good as other species. Although we are not as good at those things, we are good at remembering, speaking, calculating and imagining. Our brain is more advanced.

How much of our brain do we use daily?

Surprisingly, according to the internet, we use 10% of our brain's capacity. Even when we are sleeping, our brain's are working – they are available all the time. This fact is known as a myth and in fact, on average, we use nearly 100% of it.
Frontal Lobe:
- Stops inappropriate social behavior.
- Plays a part in the choice between good and bad decisions/actions.
- Predicts consequences of actions.

Temporal Lobe:
- Assists with the recognition and interpretation of sound. Plays a part in the identification of objects and visual memory.

Parietal Lobe:
- Plays an important part in role of integrating information from several senses. Also processes some parts of speech, visual perception, and pain sensation and touch.

Occipital Lobe:
- Processing centre of the brain for sight. Also, dreams come from the Occipital Lobe.

Cerebellum:
- Its chief functions are motion-related activities. Controls fear and pleasure responses. It also controls some functions like language and attention.

Brain Stem:
The brain's warning system and sets alertness level.

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